

Mineralen en Gesteenten

deel 1

1. Inleiding
2. Chemische basiskennis: zelfstudie!!!
3. Kristallografie
4. Mineralogie
5. Optische mineralogie

Atoom

- Kern
 - Protonen: positieve lading
 - Neutronen: neutrale lading
- Elektronen
 - Negatieve lading
- Een atoom is neutraal; het heeft evenveel protonen als neutronen als elektronen

Periodiek systeem der elementen

Periodic Table of the Elements

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|----------|
| | 1 1A | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 18 8A |
| 1 | 1 H 1.00794 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 13 B 10.811 | 14 C 12.011 | 15 N 14.0067 | 16 O 15.9994 | 17 F 18.9984 | 18 He 4.00260 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 3 Li 6.941 | 4 Be 9.01218 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5 B 10.811 | 6 C 12.011 | 7 N 14.0067 | 8 O 15.9994 | 9 F 18.9984 | 10 Ne 20.1797 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 11 Na 22.9898 | 12 Mg 24.3050 | 3 3B | 4 4B | 5 5B | 6 6B | 7 7B | 8 8B | 9 8B | 10 8B | 11 1B | 12 2B | 13 Al 26.9815 | 14 Si 28.0855 | 15 P 30.9738 | 16 S 32.066 | 17 Cl 35.4527 | 18 Ar 39.948 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 19 K 39.0983 | 20 Ca 40.078 | 21 Sc 44.9559 | 22 Ti 47.88 | 23 V 50.9415 | 24 Cr 51.9961 | 25 Mn 54.9380 | 26 Fe 55.847 | 27 Co 58.9332 | 28 Ni 58.69 | 29 Cu 63.546 | 30 Zn 65.39 | 31 Ga 69.723 | 32 Ge 72.59 | 33 As 74.9216 | 34 Se 78.96 | 35 Br 79.904 | 36 Kr 83.80 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 37 Rb 85.4678 | 38 Sr 87.62 | 39 Y 88.9059 | 40 Zr 91.224 | 41 Nb 92.9064 | 42 Mo 95.94 | 43 Tc (98) | 44 Ru 101.07 | 45 Rh 102.906 | 46 Pd 106.42 | 47 Ag 107.868 | 48 Cd 112.411 | 49 In 114.82 | 50 Sn 118.710 | 51 Sb 121.75 | 52 Te 127.60 | 53 I 126.905 | 54 Xe 131.29 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 55 Cs 132.905 | 56 Ba 137.327 | 57 *La 138.906 | 72 Hf 178.49 | 73 Ta 180.948 | 74 W 183.85 | 75 Re 186.207 | 76 Os 190.2 | 77 Ir 192.22 | 78 Pt 195.08 | 79 Au 196.967 | 80 Hg 200.59 | 81 Tl 204.383 | 82 Pb 207.2 | 83 Bi 208.980 | 84 Po (210) | 85 At (210) | 86 Rn (222) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 87 Fr (223) | 88 Ra 226.025 | 89 †Ac 227.028 | 104 (261) | 105 (262) | 106 (263) | 107 (262) | 108 (265) | 109 (266) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

*Lanthanide series:

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 58 Ce 140.12 | 59 Pr 140.908 | 60 Nd 144.24 | 61 Pm (145) | 62 Sm 150.36 | 63 Eu 151.965 | 64 Gd 157.25 | 65 Tb 158.925 | 66 Dy 162.50 | 67 Ho 164.930 | 68 Er 167.26 | 69 Tm 168.934 | 70 Yb 173.04 | 71 Lu 174.967 |
| 90 Th 232.038 | 91 Pa 231.036 | 92 U 238.029 | 93 Np 237.048 | 94 Pu (244) | 95 (243) | 96 (247) | 97 (247) | 98 (251) | 99 (252) | 100 (257) | 101 (258) | 102 (259) | 103 (260) |

† Actinide series:

Element

- Si_{28}^{14} 
 - atoomnummer
 - atoommassa
- Atoomnummer: aantal protonen = aantal elektronen
- Atoommassa: aantal protonen + aantal neutronen (gemiddelde waarde)
- Isotopen: variatie in aantal neutronen

Kwantumtheorie (I)

- n: hoofdkwantumgetal
 - n=1 : K-schil max. 2 elek. $(2n^2)e$
 - n=2 : L-schil 8 e
 - n=3 : M-schil 18 e
 - n=4 : N-schil 32 e
 - n=5 : O-schil 50 e
 - n=6 : P-schil 72 e
 - n=7 : Q-schil 98 e
- K-schil → Q-schil: afstand tot de kern neemt toe, evenals de energie-inhoud

Kwantumtheorie (II)

- l : nevenkwantumgetal
 - $l=0$: s-baan = cirkel
 - $l=1$: p-baan toename
 - $l=2$: d-baan van de
 - $l=3$: f-baan ellipticiteit
- s : spinkwantumgetal $s = +\frac{1}{2}$ of $-\frac{1}{2}$
- m : magnetisch kwantumgetal

Ionen

- $\text{Na} \rightarrow \text{Na}^+ + e$ 1 valentie e: éénwaardig
- $\text{Mg} \rightarrow \text{Mg}^{2+} + 2e$ 2 valentie e: tweewaardig
- $\text{Cl} + e \rightarrow \text{Cl}^-$ 1 valentie e: éénwaardig
- $\text{O} + 2e \rightarrow \text{O}^{2-}$ 2 valentie e: tweewaardig

- $\text{Na}^+, \text{Mg}^{2+}$
 - $\text{Cl}^-, \text{O}^{2-}$
- } ionen

Moleculen

- $\text{Na}^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightarrow \text{NaCl}$
- $\text{NaCl} = \text{molecuul}$

Bindingstypen

- V/d Waals binding moleculen
 - Waterstof binding moleculen
 - Metaal binding metaal ionen
 - Covalente binding atomen
 - Ion binding ionen
-
- De bindingstypen bepalen de fysische eigenschappen van de mineralen.

Ionbinding (I)

- Ionbindingen: bindingen tussen:
 - Kationen: atomen die makkelijk een of meerdere elektronen afstaan.
 - Bijv.: $\text{Na} \rightarrow \text{Na}^+ + e$
 - Anionen: atomen die makkelijk een of meerdere elektronen opnemen.
 - Bijv.: $\text{Cl} + e \rightarrow \text{Cl}^-$
- Bijv.: $\text{Na}^+ + \text{Cl}^- \rightarrow \text{NaCl}$

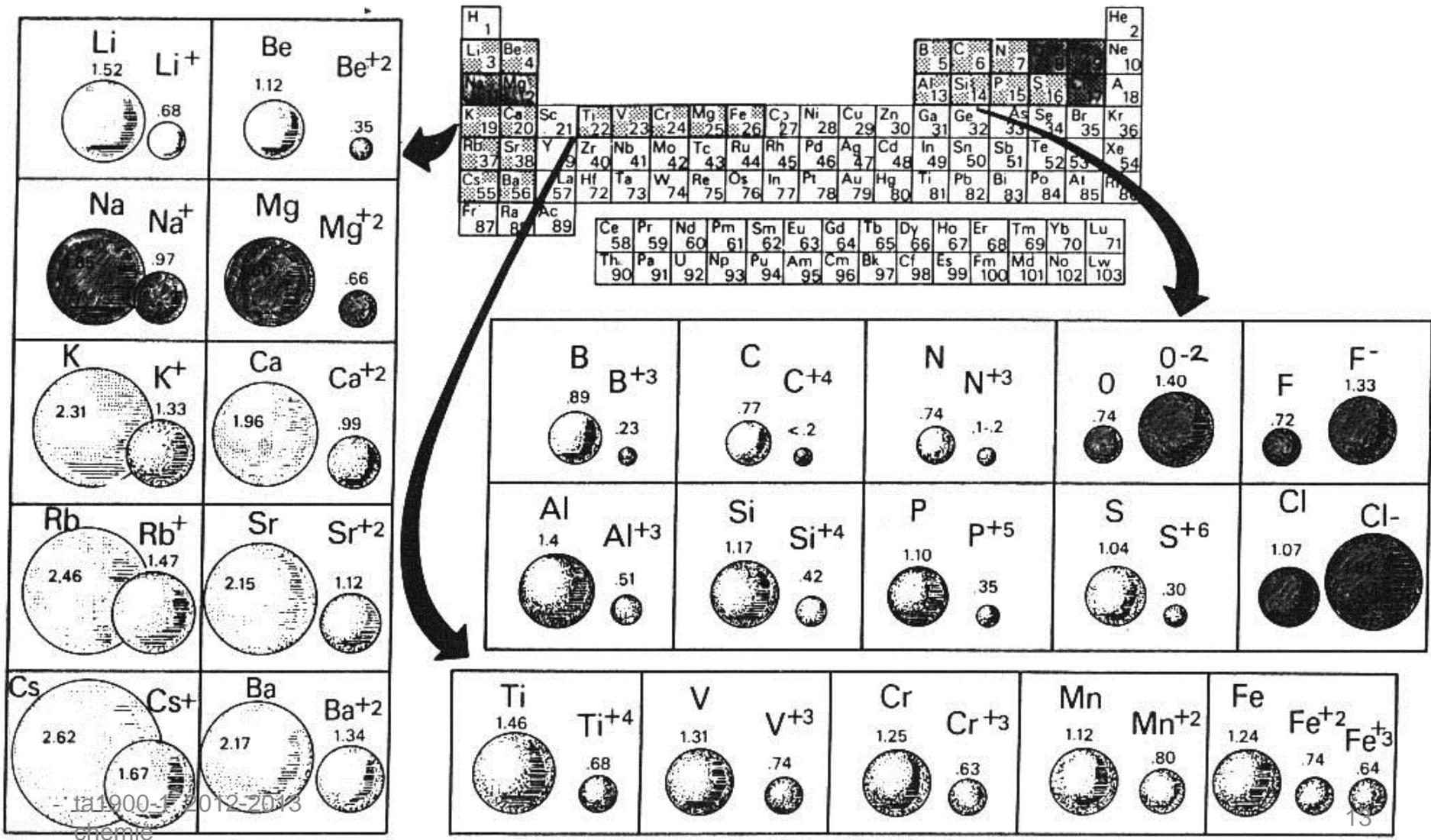
Ionbinding (II)

- De ionbinding wordt bepaald door:
 - De lading van de ionen en de verdeling van de lading
 - De grootte van de ionen = ionstraal en het verschil tussen de ionstralen van de kationen en anionen

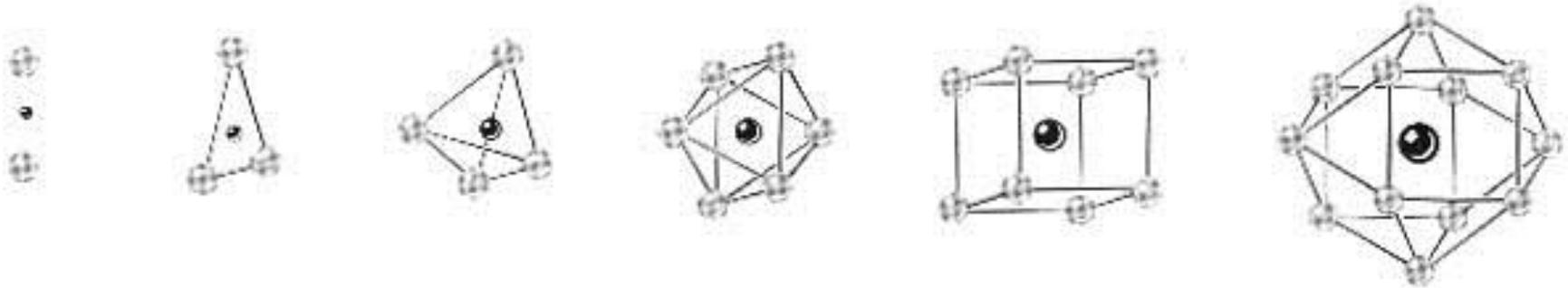
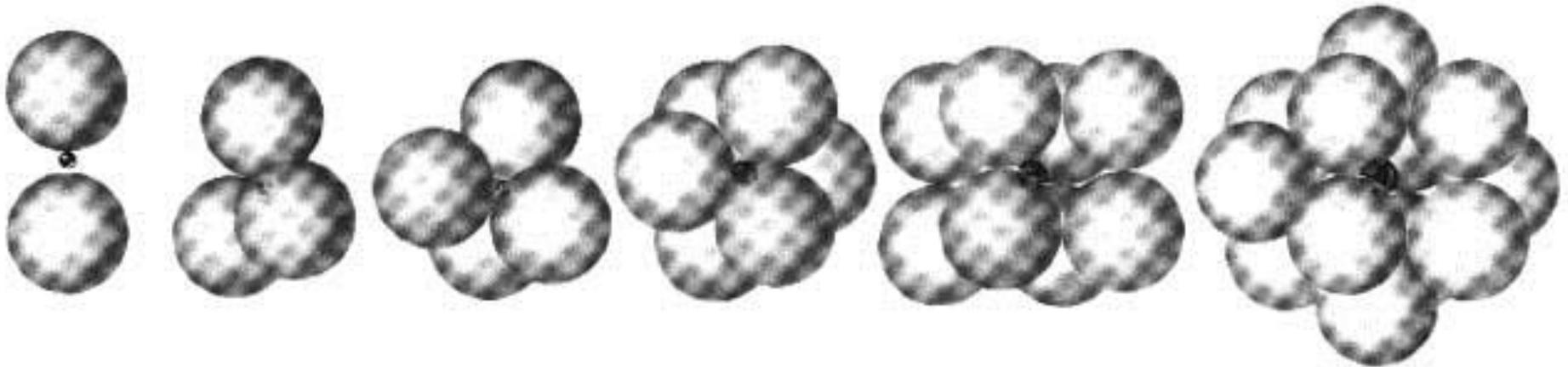
Ionbinding (III)

- De ionstraal wordt bepaald door:
 - Aantal protonen, neutronen en elektronen
 - Ionisatie
 - Coördinatie
 - Polarisation

Ionstraal na ionisatie

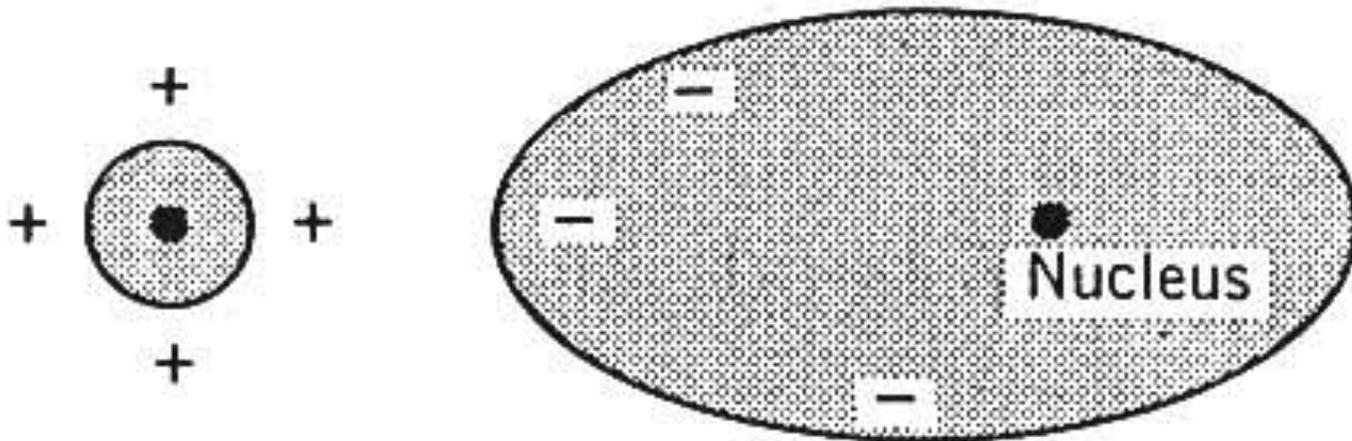


Coördinatie



Klein: Mineral Science

Polarisatie

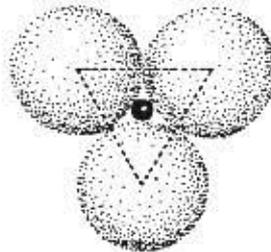


Radius Ratio

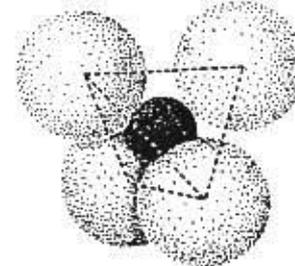
$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} < 0.15$$



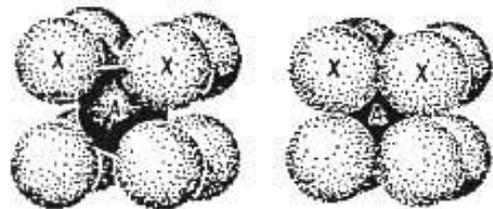
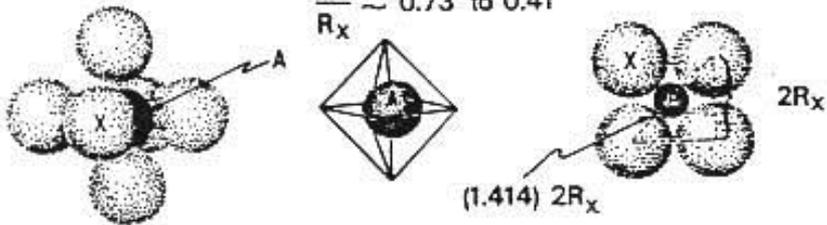
$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} \approx 0.22 \text{ to } 0.15$$



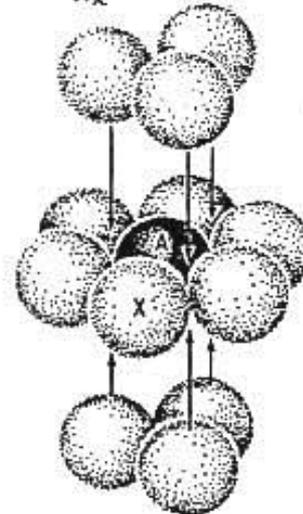
$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} \approx 0.41 \text{ to } 0.22$$



$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} \approx 0.73 \text{ to } 0.41$$



$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} \approx 1$$



$$\frac{R_A}{R_X} \approx 1$$

