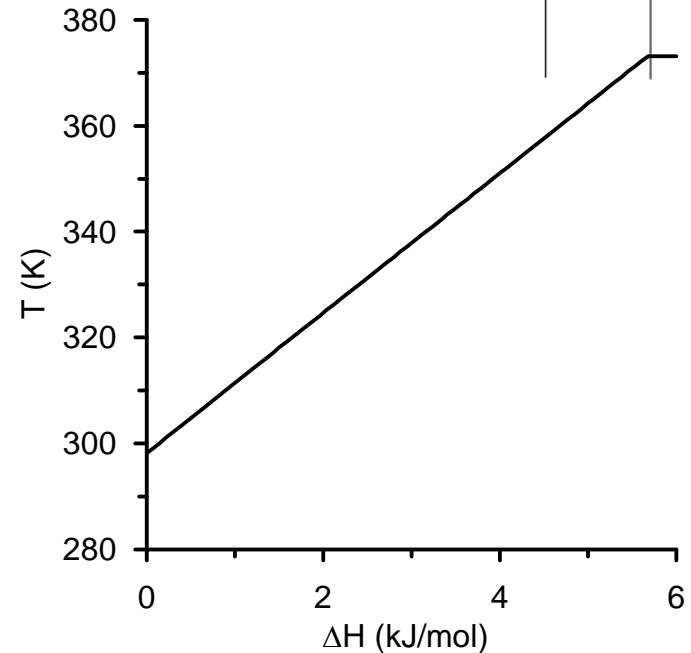
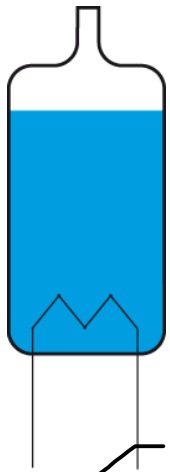


Energiebehoud

Calorimetrie

Calorisch equivalent elektrische energie



Klassieke definitie:

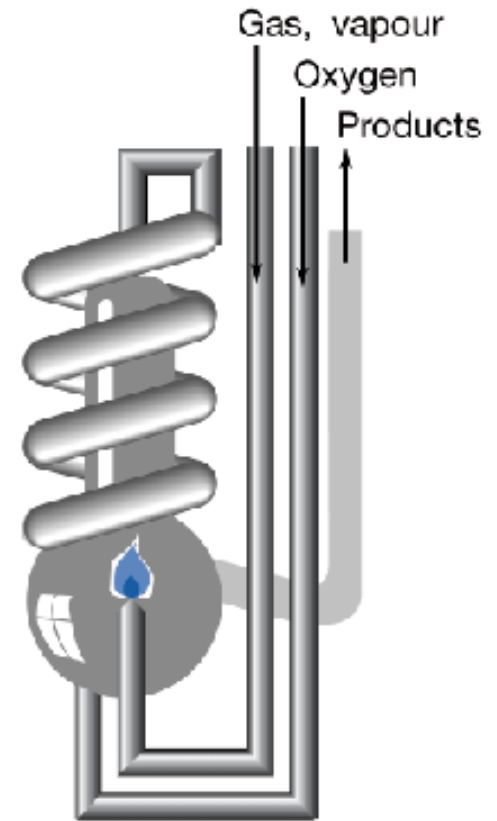
“1 calorie is de hoeveelheid warmte die nodig is om 1 gram water 1°C in temperatuur te doen stijgen.”

(1 cal \approx 4.184 J)

Calorimetrie

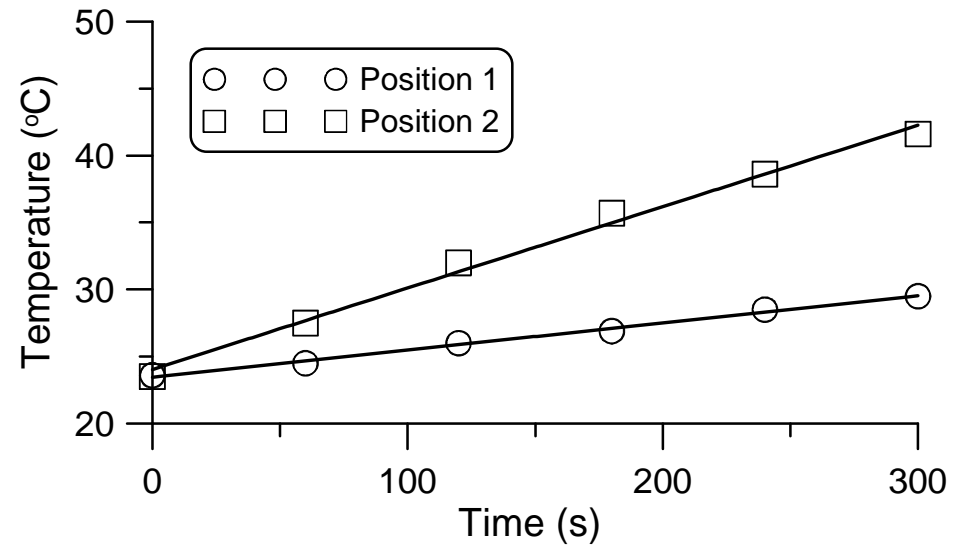
Calorisch equivalent verbrandingsreactie

- Badtemperatuur “warmtemeter”
 - Peltier element: T constant
- Druk constant



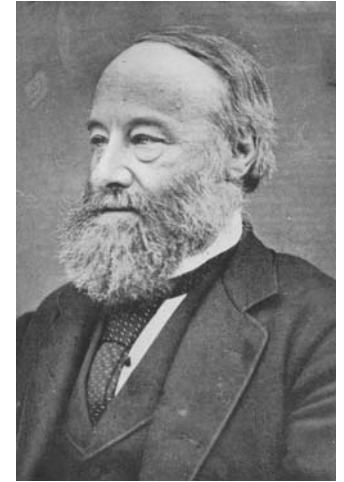
Calorimetrie

Calorisch equivalent straling

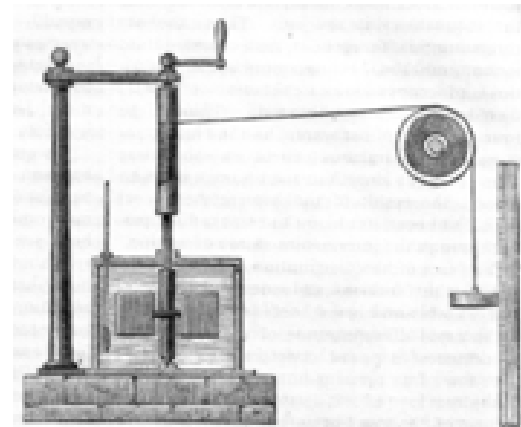


Calorimetrie

Calorisch equivalent mechanische arbeit



James Prescott Joule
(1818 – 1889)



Energiebehoud

1^{ste} Hoofdwet van de Thermodynamica

$$\Delta H = Q + W$$

- Q : alle warmte die wordt toegevoegd aan systeem
- W : alle arbeid die op het systeem wordt verricht

Behalve
expansie-arbied

- H : enthalpie, “Heat content” (Kamerlingh Onnes, 1853 – 1926)



Hermann von Helmholtz
(1821 – 1894)

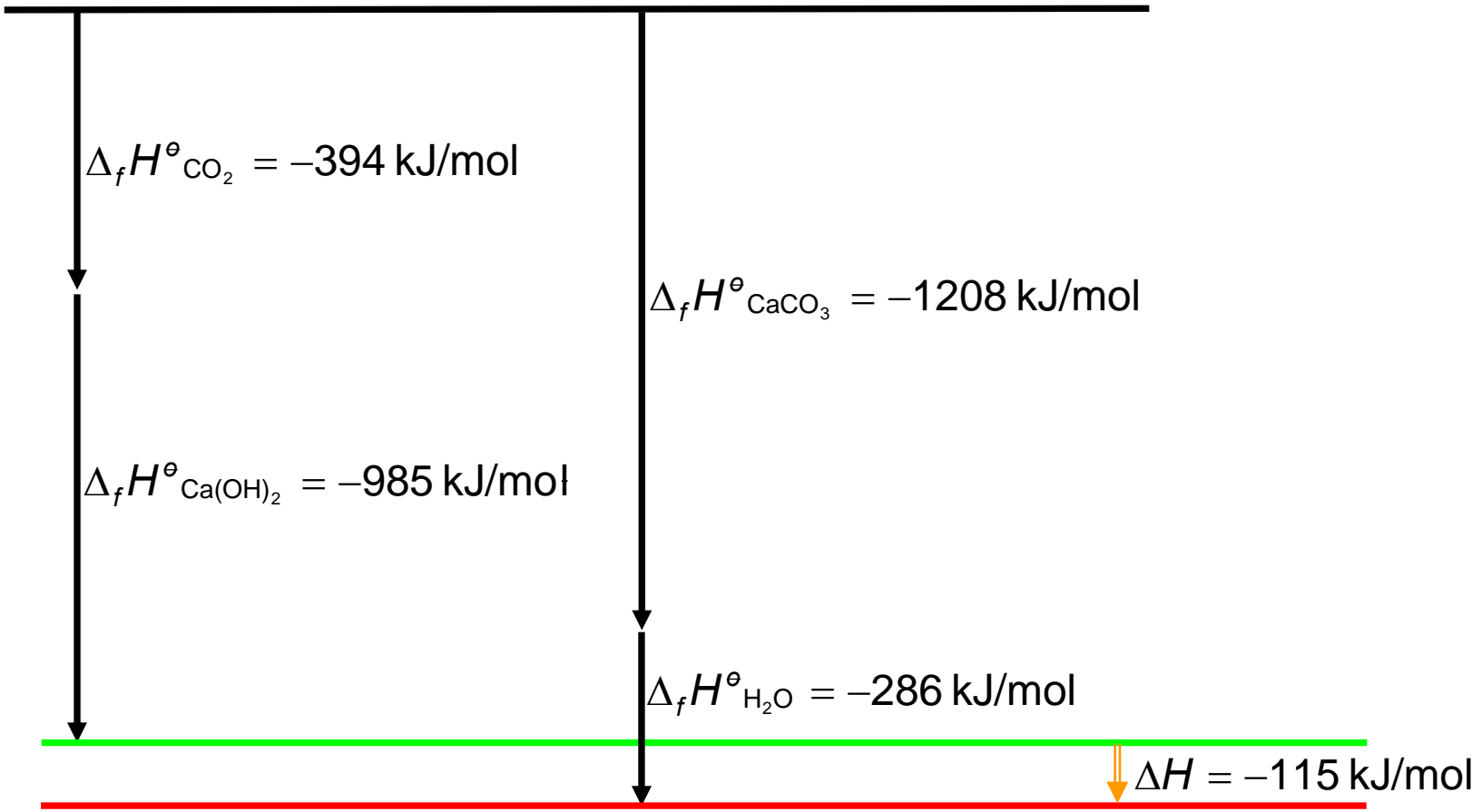
Tabellen voor enthalpie

Gegeven voor standaard temperatuur en druk (STP)

Molecular formula	Name	Crystal				Liquid				Gas			
		$\Delta_f H^\circ$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\circ$ kJ/mol	S° J/mol K	C_p J/mol K	$\Delta_f H^\circ$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\circ$ kJ/mol	S° J/mol K	C_p J/mol K	$\Delta_f H^\circ$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\circ$ kJ/mol	S° J/mol K	C_p J/mol K
BF ₃ H ₃ P	Trihydro(phosphorus trifluoride)boron									-854.0			
BF ₄ Na	Sodium tetrafluoroborate	-1844.7	-1750.1	145.3	120.3								
BH	Borane(1)									442.7	412.7	171.8	29.2
BHO ₂	Metaboric acid (β , monoclinic)	-794.3	-723.4	38.0						-561.9	-551.0	240.1	42.2
BH ₃	Borane(3)									89.2	93.3	188.2	36.0
BH ₃ O ₃	Boric acid	-1094.3	-968.9	90.0	86.1					-994.1			
BH ₄ K	Potassium borohydride	-227.4	-160.3	106.3	96.1								
BH ₄ Li	Lithium borohydride	-190.8	-125.0	75.9	82.6								
BH ₄ Na	Sodium borohydride	-188.6	-123.9	101.3	86.8								
BI ₃	Boron triiodide									71.1	20.7	349.2	70.8

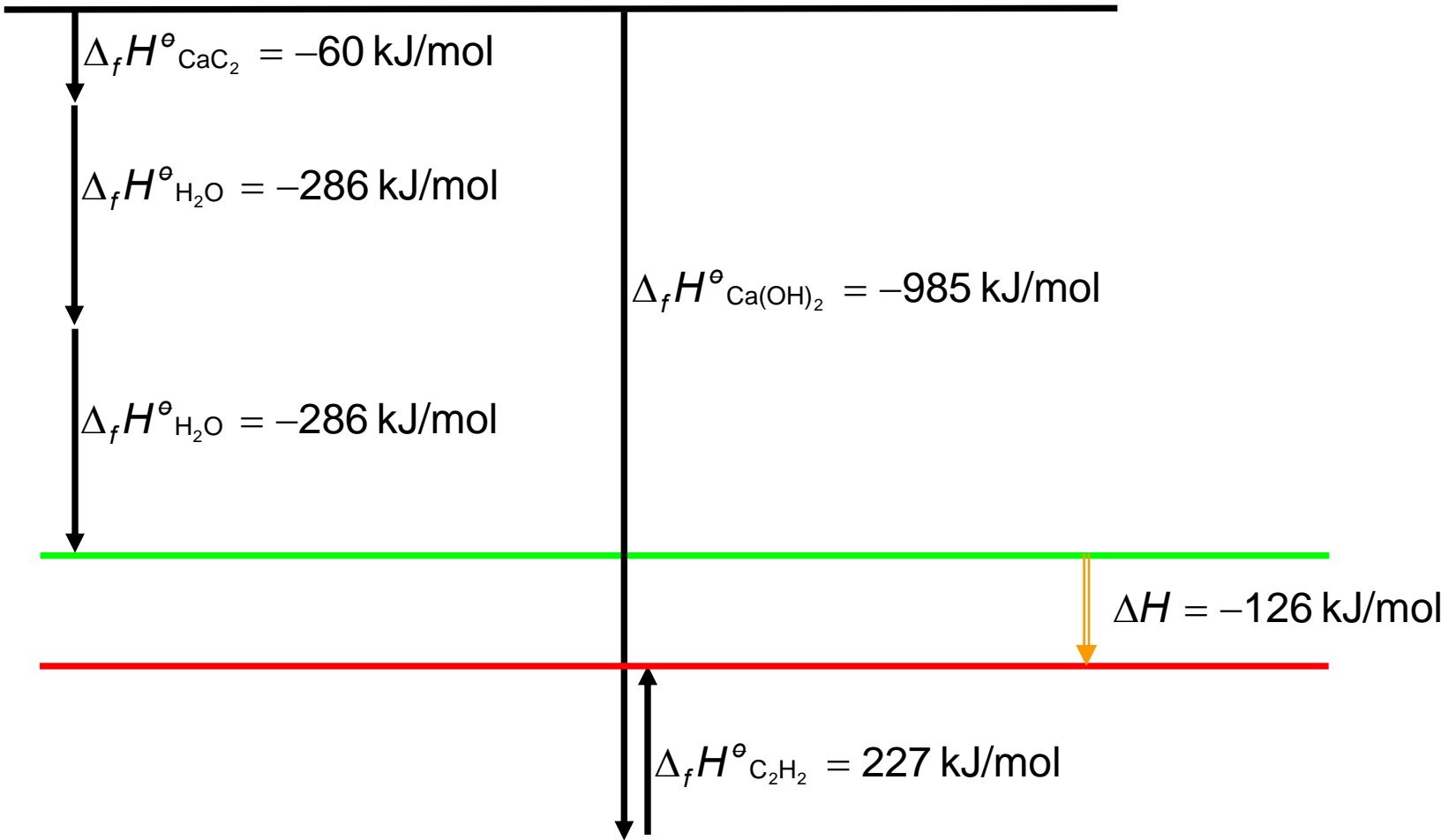
Enthalpie is additief

Voorbeeld: $\text{Ca(OH)}_2 + \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CaCO}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$: uitharden cement



Enthalpie is additief

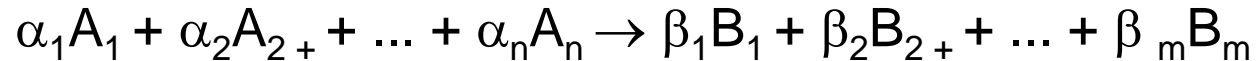
Voorbeeld: $\text{CaC}_2 + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O} (\text{l}) \rightarrow \text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2 + \text{C}_2\text{H}_2(\text{g})$: productie acetyleen



Enthalpie is additief

Regel:

Voor een reactie



wordt het enthalpieverschil berekend volgens

$$\Delta H = \sum_{j=1}^m \beta_j \Delta_f H^\ominus_{B_j} - \sum_{j=1}^n \alpha_j \Delta_f H^\ominus_{A_j}$$

Temperatuurafhankelijkheid enthalpie

Kleine afwijkingen van standaardtemperatuur

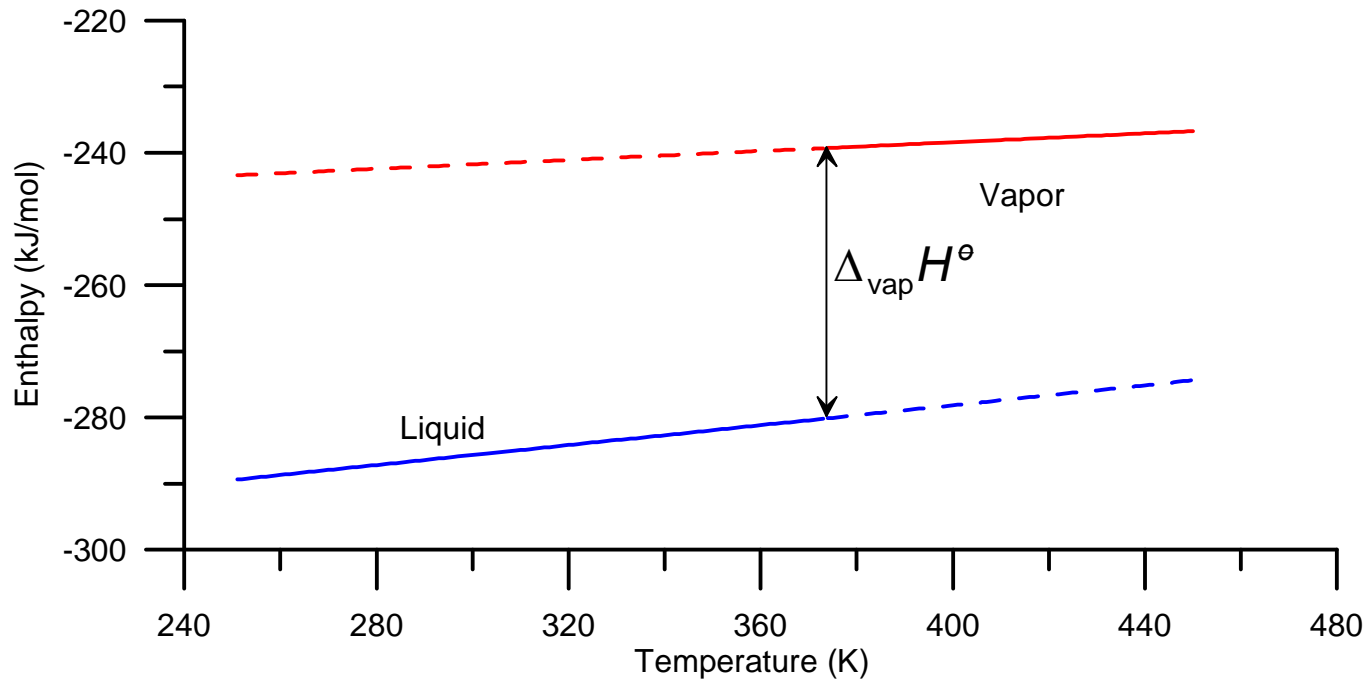
$$\Delta_f H(T, p^\ominus) \approx \Delta_f H^\ominus(T^\ominus, p^\ominus) + (T - T^\ominus)c_p$$

Molecular formula	Name	Crystal				Liquid				Gas			
		$\Delta_f H^\ominus$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\ominus$ kJ/mol	S^\ominus J/mol K	C_p J/mol K	$\Delta_f H^\ominus$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\ominus$ kJ/mol	S^\ominus J/mol K	C_p J/mol K	$\Delta_f H^\ominus$ kJ/mol	$\Delta_f G^\ominus$ kJ/mol	S^\ominus J/mol K	C_p J/mol K
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BI ₃	Boron triiodide									71.1	20.7	349.2	70.8

Temperatuurafhankelijkheid enthalpie

Voorbeeld: water en waterdamp

Form	$\Delta_f H^\ominus$ (kJ/mol)	c_p (J/(K mol))
liquid	-285.8	75.3
vapor	-241.8	33.6



Drukafhankelijkheid enthalpie

Afwijkingen van standaarddruk $\Delta_f H(p, T^\ominus) \approx \Delta_f H(p^\ominus, T) + (p - p^\ominus)(1 - \alpha T)V_m$

voor vloeistoffen en vaste stoffen

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{V} \frac{dV}{dT}$$

Molecular formula	Name	Isothermal compressibility		Cubic thermal expansion	
		$t/^\circ\text{C}$	$\kappa \times 10^4/\text{MPa}^{-1}$	$t/^\circ\text{C}$	$\alpha \times 10^3/^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$
Cl_3P	Phosphorus trichloride	20	9.45	20	1.9
		20	4.591	20	0.206
		25	4.524	25	0.256
		30	4.475	30	0.302
Hg	Mercury	20	0.401	20	0.1811
		20	10.50	20	1.14
CCl_4	Tetrachloromethane	40	12.20	40	1.21
		70	15.6	70	1.33

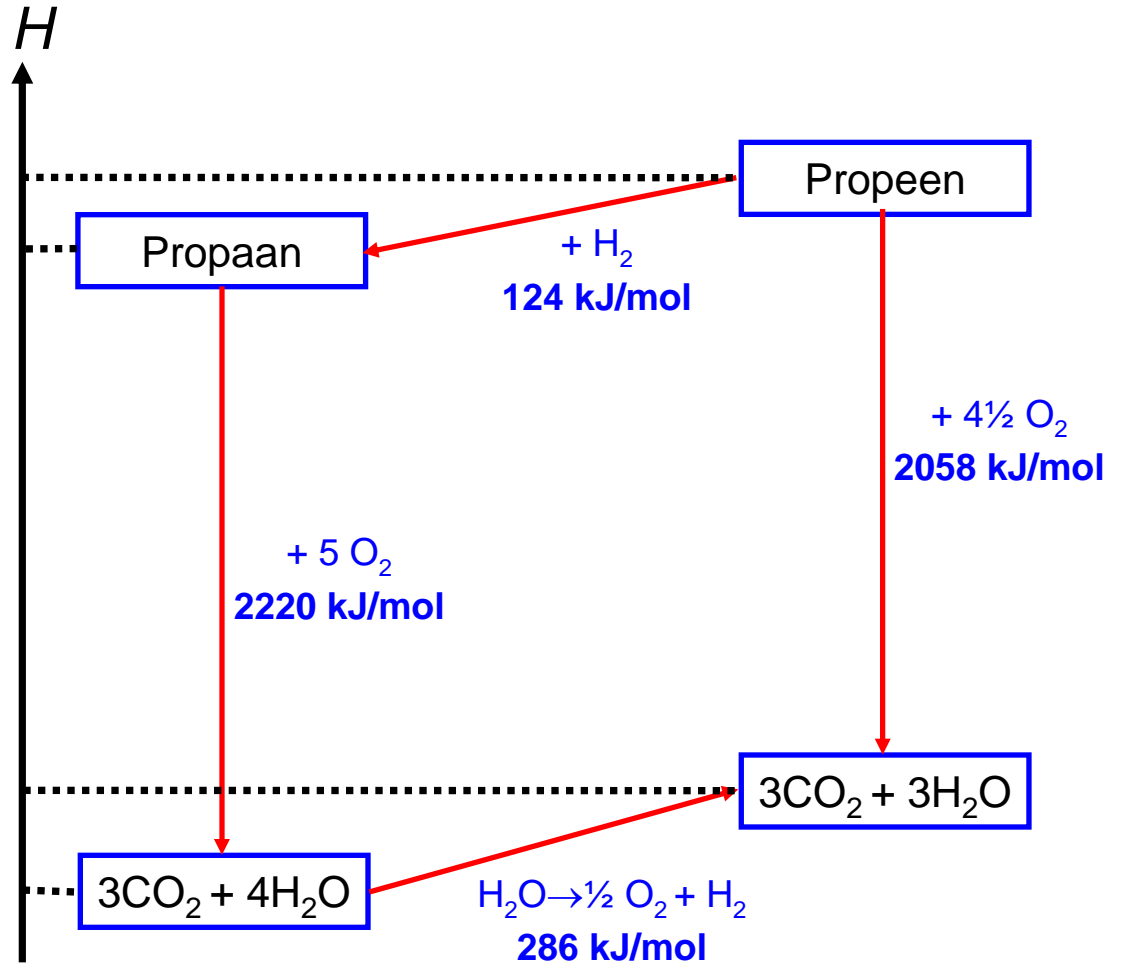
voor vaste stoffen: lineaire uitzettingscoëfficiënt $\lambda = \alpha/3$

Drukafhankelijkheid enthalpie

Voor gassen: heel klein effect

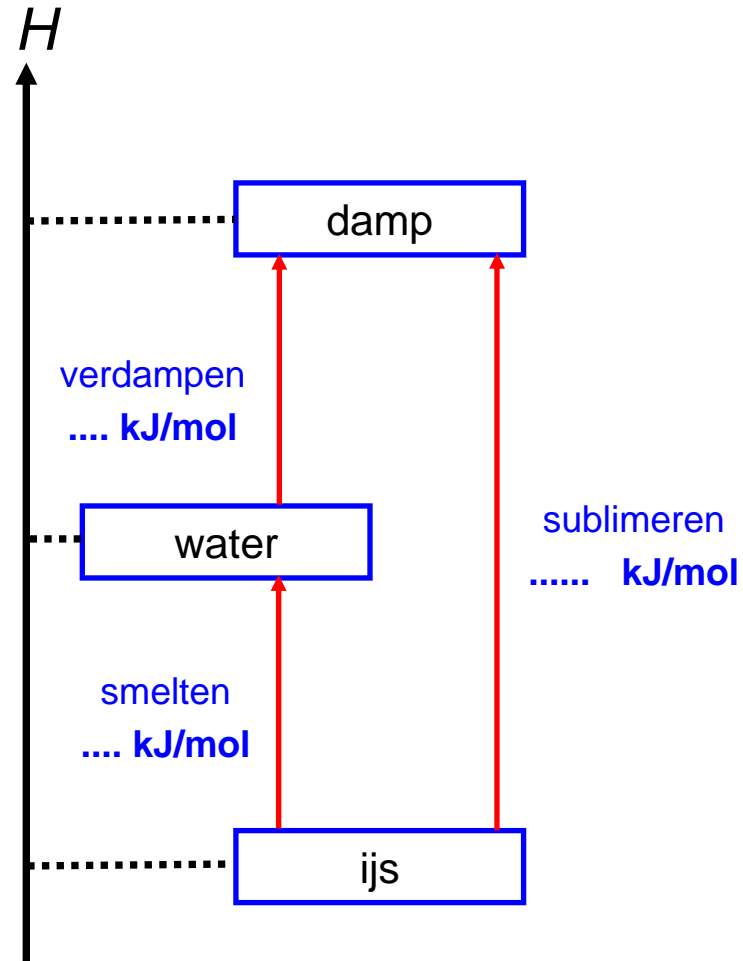
Wet van Hess

Chemische kringprocessen



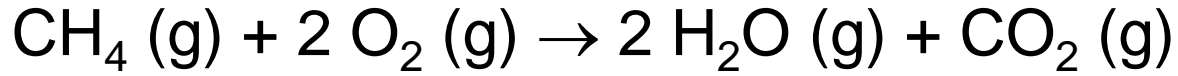
Wet van Hess

Fysische kringprocessen



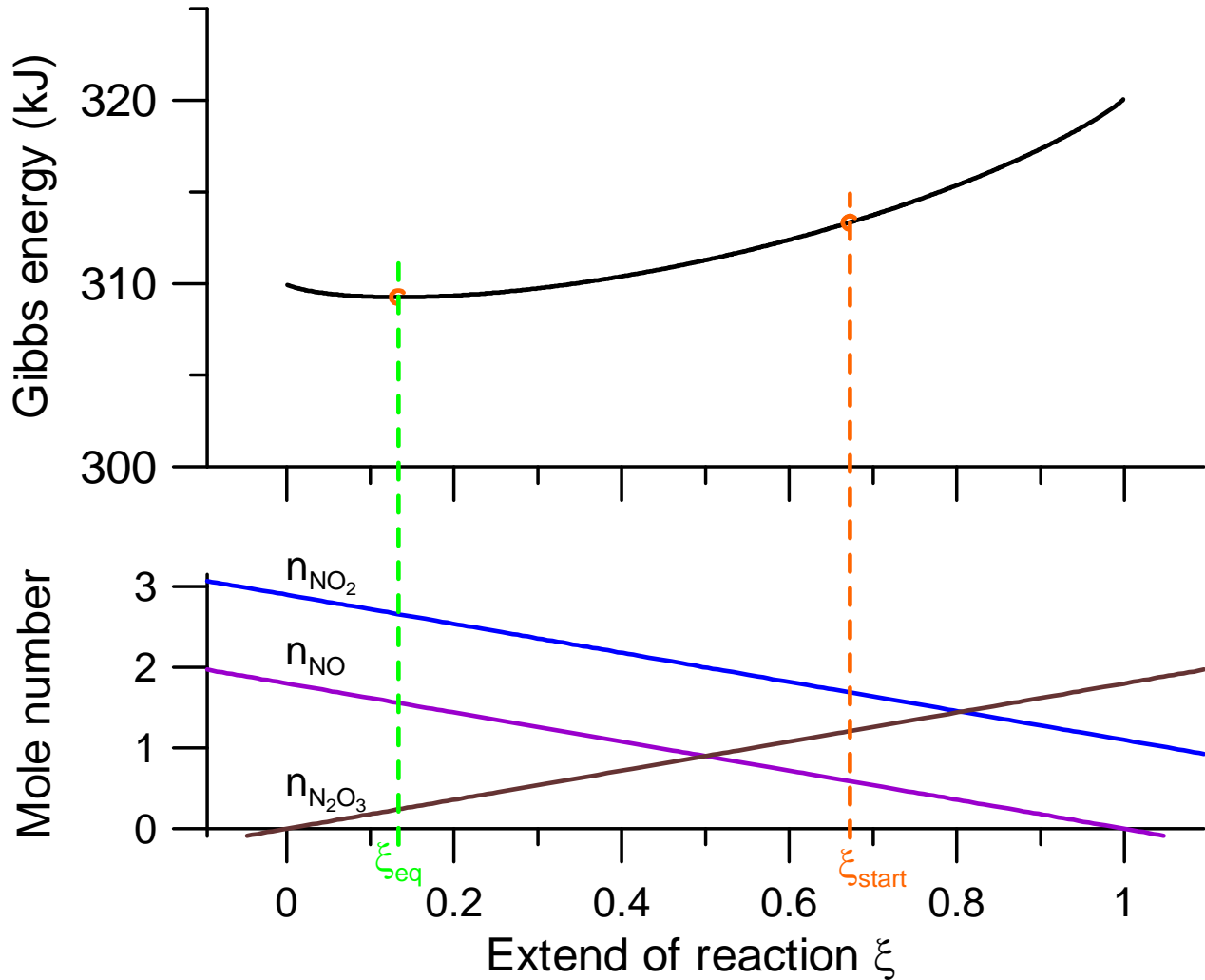
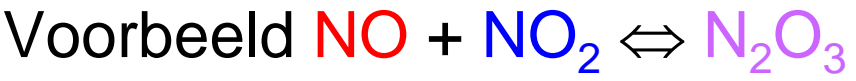
Methaan verbranding

Reactie



	$\Delta_f H^\circ$ (kJ/mol)	c_p (J/(Kmol))
CH ₄	-74.6	35.1
O ₂	0	29.4
H ₂ O	-241.8	33.6
CO ₂	-393.5	37.1

Stikstofconversie



Stikstofconversie

