Delft University of Technology, EEMCS faculty
Examination Mathematics 2, AESB1210 (test 1)
Friday, December 5th, 2014, 13.45-15.45

- It's not allowed to use a calculator or a mathematical table.
- Each answer should be clearly motivated.
- Your grade is obtained by rounding $\left(3^{*}\right.$ score +10$) / 10$ to one decimal place.
- Points:

$$
\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \text { Ex. } 1 & 6 & \text { Ex. } 2 & 5 & \text { Ex. } 3 & 4 & \text { Ex. } 4 & 4 & \text { Ex. } 5 & 6 & \text { Ex. } 6 & 5 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

1. Solve the differential equation:

$$
x y^{\prime}+\frac{x}{x+1} y=5 x^{3} \text { if } x>0
$$

2. Solve the differential equation:

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{x-1}{x^{2} y^{2}} \text { if } x>0 \text { and } y>0
$$

3. A tank initially contains 10 L of water in which there is 20 g of salt dissolved. A solution containing $4 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$ of salt is pumped into the tank at a rate of $2 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$, and the well-stirred mixture runs out at a rate of $1 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$. Assume that $y(t)$ is the amount of salt (measured in g ) in the tank after $t$ minutes and set up the differential equation governing this process as long as the tank doesn't overflow.
( You don't have to solve this differential equation!)
4. Express $(1+i)^{5}$ in the form $a+b i$ where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$.
5. Find the fourth roots of -4 .
6. Find the general solution of:

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+3 y^{\prime}+2 y=6 x e^{x}
$$

